How can Ottawa leverage administrative data to inform Local Planning?

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The Brave New World of Administrative Data

- What is administrative data?
 - IMDB (LIDS-T1 Taxfiler Database)
 - Census
 - Temporary Resident Database
 - ICARE
 - Other administrative files and linkages
 - Methadone treatment and prolific offenders database.
 - Medicare registry

Definitions and complications

- 1. Primary Migration
 - a. Those who moved to Ottawa first from another country.
 - But, what about:
 - a. Those who intended to go elsewhere, or didn't intend to come to Ottawa in the first place?
 - b. Those who didn't file taxes in Ottawa (or anywhere else in Canada) in their first year?
 - c. Refugees?
- 2. Secondary Migration
 - a. Those who moved to Ottawa from another part of Canada after arriving from another country.

But, what about:

- a. Students with family elsewhere in Canada?
- b. Those who didn't file taxes in Ottawa (or anywhere else in Canada) in their first year?
- c. Refugees?
- 3. What about Gatineau?

About Ottawa's Immigrants

Countries of Citizenship of Landing Cohorts to Ottawa, 2004-2012						
2004-200	6	2007-2009		2010-2012		
China	10%	China	9%	Haiti	10%	
Philippines	6%	Philippines	8%	China	9%	
Lebanon	5%	Lebanon	5%	Philippines	9%	
India	5%	India	5%	India	4%	
Iran	3%	USA	4%	Iraq	3%	
USA	3%	Haiti	3%	Lebanon	3%	
British Citizen	3%	British Citizen	3%	USA	3%	
Haiti	3%	Iraq	3%	British Citizen	3%	
Congo (DRC)	2%	Iran	3%	Somalia	3%	
Pakistan	2%	Congo (DRC)	2%	Iran	2%	
Other	57%	Other	56%	Other	50%	
Source: IMDB						

Secondary Migration to Ottawa

Top 10 Previous CA/CMAs of Individuals Who Move to Ottawa							
and Corresponding Number of Secondary Migrants, 2004-2012							
2004-2006 Land	ings	2007-2009 Landings		2010-2012 Landings			
Toronto	1320	Toronto	800	Toronto	205		
Montreal	735	Montreal	445	Montreal	130		
Gatineau	430	Gatineau	295	Gatineau	100		
Vancouver	170	Vancouver	135	Vancouver	25		
Calgary	160	Hamilton	75	Edmonton	20		
Winnipeg	135	Winnipeg	70	Halifax	20		
Edmonton	125	Calgary	65	Quebec	20		
Kitchener	120	Kitchener	65	Charlottetown	20		
London	120	Edmonton	60	Winnipeg	15		
Hamilton	90	Halifax	55	Kitchener	15		

2065

2625

79%

570

665

86%

**immigrants landed in the years specified, but moved any time between landing and 2012

3405

4195

81%

Total from top 10

Overall Total:

Percentage of Immigrants Coming

from Top 10 Cities:

Source: IMDB

Secondary Migration from Ottawa

Top 10 CA/ CMA Destinations of Individuals Who Leave Ottawa and						
Corresponding Number of Migrants, 2004-2012						
2004-2006 Land	ings	2007-2009 Landings		2010-2012 Landings		
Toronto	515	Toronto	335	Toronto	110	
Gatineau	320	Gatineau	200	Gatineau	80	
Edmonton	140	Montreal	85	Edmonton	35	
Montreal	120	Edmonton	60	Montreal	30	
Calgary	120	Calgary	60	Calgary	25	
Vancouver	105	Vancouver	60	Vancouver	15	
Ontario Non-CA	90	Ontario Non-CA	40	Ontario Non-CA	15	
Kitchener	45	Kitchener	30	Wood Buffalo	10	
London	30	Hamilton	20	Kitchener	5	
Kingston	20	London	15	Hamilton	5	
Total from top 10	1505		905		330	
Overall Total:	1780		1125		395	
Percentage of Immigrants Coming from Top	85%		80%		84%	
10 Cities: Source: IMDB						

**immigrants landed in the years specified, but moved any time between landing and 2012

Who is Leaving?

Citizenship Countries of Individuals Landing in Ottawa and Subsequently								
	Leaving, 2004-2012							
2004-2	2006	2007-200	2007-2009		12			
China	11%	China	13%	Philippines	8%			
India	5%	India	6%	India	6%			
Iran	4%	Iran	5%	Haiti	6%			
Pakistan	4%	Lebanon	4%	China	5%			
Philippines	3%	USA	4%	Iran	4%			
Haiti	3%	British Citizen	4%	Bangladesh	4%			
Lebanon	3%	Haiti	4%	Somalia	4%			
USA	3%	Iraq	4%	Lebanon	3%			
British Citizen	3%	Philippines	3%	USA	3%			
Congo (DRC)	3%	Bangladesh	3%	British Citizen	3%			
Other	58%	Other	50%	Other	56%			
Source: IMDB	iource: IMDB							

How does Ottawa compare?

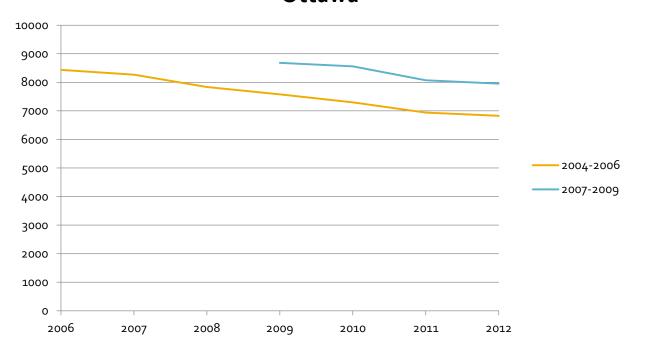
Two-year Retention of Landing Cohorts, by City						
	2004-2006	2007-2009				
Ottawa	84%	86%				
Edmonton	90%	89%				
Calgary	Calgary 91% 90%					
Winnipeg 88% 90%						
Source: IMDB						

Percentage of Canada's Immigrants* Recruited to Cities of Comparable Size					
Netiu					
	Edmonton	Calgary	Winnipeg	Ottawa	
2004-					
2006	2%	4%	2%	2%	
2007-					
2009	3%	5%	3%	2%	
2010-					
2012	4%	6%	4%	2%	
NB: Not official numbers, includes only individuals in the IMDB with known place of residence and stated city of destination who filed taxes within one year of landing.					
*Filing for the first time within first year of landing.					
Source: IMDB					

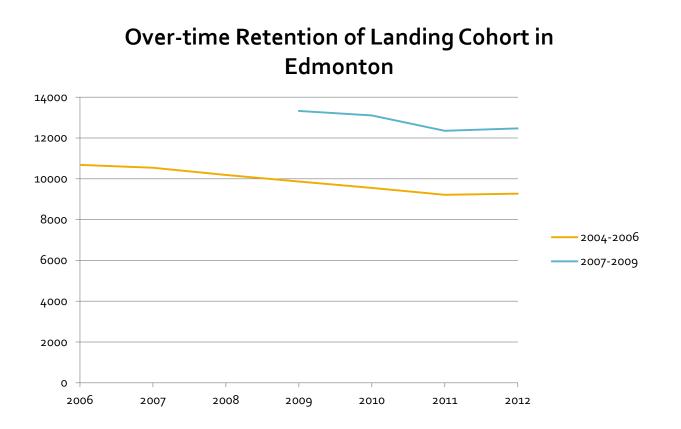
*Defined as the percentage of the initial cohort still found in city two years after landing

Ottawa's Immigrant Retention



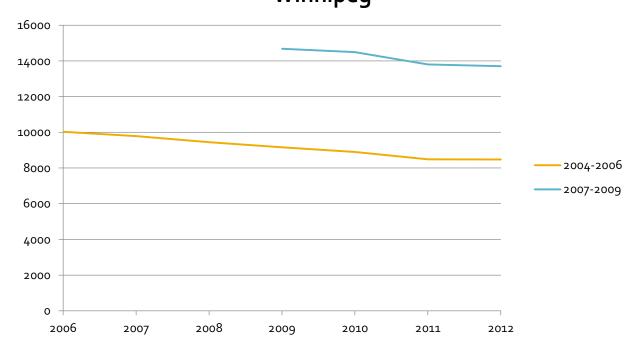


Edmonton



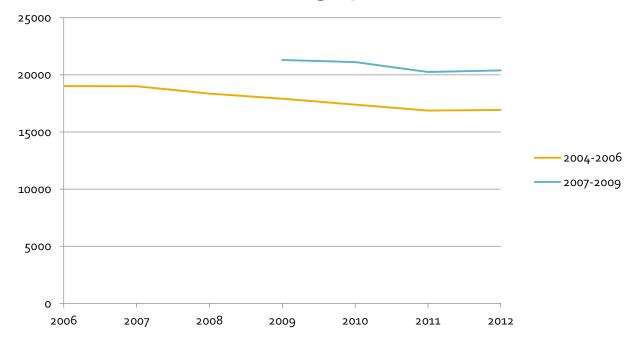
Winnipeg

Over-time Retention of Landing Cohort in Winnipeg



Calgary

Over-time Retention of Landing Cohort in Calgary



Who is Leaving?

•	on of Each Cohort of				Deseri	ption of Individuals \		-	
		2004-2006	2007-2009	2010-2012			2004-2006		
Sex	Female	56%	56%	55%	Sex	Female	53%	52%	52%
	15-24	18%	17%	15%		15-24	12%	12%	11%
	25-34	37%	39%	36%		25-34	42%	44%	51%
Age	35-44	25%	23%	25%	Age	35-44	29%	28%	27%
Å8	45-54	11%	10%	12%	Á	45-54	10%	11%	9%
	55-64	4%	5%	5%		55-64	4%	2%	1%
	65+	4%	5%	7%		65+	3%	2%	1%
u	Economic Class	36%	33%	25%	L LC	Economic Class	40%	44%	38%
ssic	Family Class	34%	35%	32%	missid	Family Class	28%	28%	26%
Admission Class	Refugee	22%	17%	24%	Admission Class	Refugee	25%	16%	22%
Ad	Other	9%	15%	18%	Ac	Other	7%	12%	14%
5 -	Highschool or less	35%	35%	42%		Highschool or less	33%	29%	29%
atio	College	21%	21%	20%	atio	College	20%	18%	23%
Education at Arrival	Bachelor Degree	29%	30%	26%	Education at Arrival	Bachelor Degree	30%	33%	29%
et	Post-Graduate	14%	15%	13%	Ec	Post-Graduate	16%	20%	18%
en	English	61%	64%	58%	en	English	61%	67%	66%
cial ook	French	7%	8%	11%	cial bok	French	7%	7%	9%
First Official Language Spoken	English and French	12%	12%	13%	First Official Language Spoken	English and French	14%	15%	14%
Firs Langu	Neither Official Language	20%	16%	17%	Firs	Neither Official Language	18%	11%	11%
. Cohorts inc	lude only individuals who	stated Ottawa	a as their city o	f destination,		N	1780	1125	395
d file taxes in Ottawa within one year of landing, urce: IMDB				s individuals who are otly file taxes in anoth		ttawa landii	ng cohort,		

Immigrants' Economic Establishment in Ottawa

Median Income of Immigrants to Ottawa Landing in 2004-							
2006, by Year							
	Median After	Median Total					
	Tax Income	Income					
2004	\$5,100	\$4,400					
2005	\$8,900	\$7,800					
2006	\$11,600	\$10,400					
2007	\$16,200	\$15,000					
2008	\$18,200	\$17,300					
2009	\$20,000	\$19,600					
2010	\$22,000	\$22,000					
2011	\$23,000	\$23,000					
2012 \$24,000 \$25,000							
Constant 2012 dollars							
Source: IMDB							

Median Income of Immigrants to Ottawa Landing in 2007- 2009, by Year						
	Median After Tax Income	Median Total Income				
2007	\$6,400	\$5,800				
2008	\$10,900	\$10,200				
2009	\$13,200	\$12,400				
2010	\$17,700	\$17,200				
2011	\$19,200	\$19,300				
2012 \$20,000 \$21,000						
Constant 2012 dollars						
Source: IMDB						

Median Income of Immigrants to Ottawa Landing in 2010-2012, by							
	Year						
	Median After Tax Income	Median Total Income					
2010	\$7,900	\$7,600					
2011	\$11,900	\$11,700					
2012 \$13,300 \$13,400							
Constant 2012 dollars							
Source: IMDB							

NB: Includes only Ottawa's original landed cohort, no secondary migrants

Refugees – fast facts

- Refugees make up nearly 25% of Ottawa immigrant taxfilers that landed between 2010-2012.
- Ottawa has accepted a growing share of Canada's immigrants
 - **2004-2006: 3**%
 - **2007-2009: 4**%
 - **2010-2012: 5%**
- Haitians makes up more than a quarter of Ottawa's recent refugee landings.
 - % Anglophone has declined, while % Francophone has increased.
- 52% of Ottawa's refugees came from top 10 countries in 2004-2006; 76% came from top 10 in 2010-2012.

Conclusion

- The future of administrative data
 - The need for data development
 - Registries and the 'data cloud'